

Botanical Garden Network distribution Biogeographic regions

SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN

This garden showcases the distribution of the Cadiz flora in the different environments that we can find in nature. There are also examples of traditional crops and of the American and Canary Islands flora, along with a collection of ornamental plants of the different parks and gardens of the Bay of Cadiz.



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR VISITORS

- Please keep all areas clean and use the bins provided.
- Respect all plants in the garden.
- Follow the signposted routes.
- Taking photographs, drawing or simply observing are the best ways to enjoy your visit.
- If you walk in silence, you will be able to hear many different sounds.
- If you have any questions, please ask a member of staff.

INFORMATION AND RESERVATIONS

e-mail: reservatuvisita.amaya@juntadeandalucia.es

USEFUL ADDRESSES

Regional Ministry for the Environment
Provincial Office of Cádiz
Plaza Asdrúbal, 6.
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Tfno. 956 008 700-671 591 501 / Fax. 956 008 702

San Fernando Botanic Garden e-mail: jbotanico.sfernando.cmaot@juntadeandalucia.es

SYMBOLS USED

All plants are identified with plaques which include the following information: common name in Castilian Spanish and scientific name (in Latin, followed by the name of the authors that wrote the description), botanic family, geographical distribution and level of threat, which is shown using the following icons:

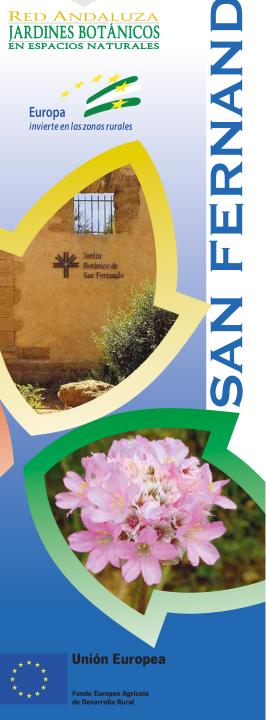
- In danger of extinction
- Vulnerables
- Of special interest







CONSEJERÍA DE MEDIO AMBIENTE Y ORDENACIÓN DEL TERRITORIO



SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN

Andalusia's prime location, between the Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea, as well as between two different continents, allows for a huge range of ecosystems and environments, with a great variety of climates and terrains, where a rich botanical and mycological heritage has developed. The region has around 4,000 different species of higher plants and around 3,500 species of fungi. Many of these species are endemic to Andalusia and some of them are endangered due to several factors.



Botanic and mycological gardens contribute to the conservation of this natural heritage. For this reason, a Network of Gardens has been set up. They are distributed according to ecological criteria, to improve awareness, to promote conservation and to exhibit plants and fungi which make up the Mediterranean Forest of Andalusia. Each of the different gardens in the network is dedicated to local flora and vegetation, paying special attention to rare and endangered flora, in coordination with all the other gardens. The Mycological Garden is a regional showcase of fungi in Andalusia.

SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN SAN FERNANDO BOTANIC GARDEN

Location

It is located in the heart of the Bay of Cadiz Natural Park, in the urban area of San Fernando, at Avenida Pery-Junguera. Direct access is via the San Fernando-Sur exit of the CA-33 road. The offices of the Natural Park are beside the botanic garden. Because of its location inside the city, it is a great opportunity for getting to know its important collection of plants, as well as for carrying out educational programmes and enjoying its beauty.



The Garden

For a better understanding of vegetation formations in the province of Cadiz, the following route is recommended:

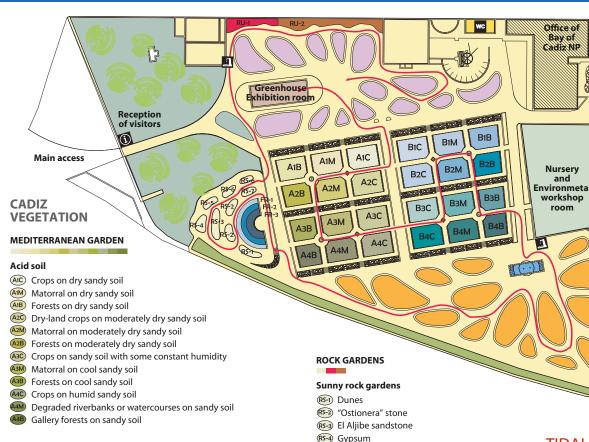
MEDITERRANEAN GARDEN

These rectangular areas showcase the vegetation landscape which can be found on well developed soils of the province. The richness in mineral salts in the soil, its humidity during the summer and human action have an influence on the distribution of the different species, and, because of that, on the configuration of the different landscapes.

POND

It exhibits the typical vegetation of the backwater areas of rivers and permanent lagoons and ponds dotted around the Cadiz countryside.





(BIC) Crops on dry rich in bases soil

(BIB) Forests on dry rich in bases soil

(B2C) Crops on moderately dry basic soil

Matorral on moderately dry basic soil

(B3C) Crops on rich in bases soil with some constant humidity (B3M) Matorral on cool basic soil

B3B Forests on cool basic soil

Crops on humid basic soil

Degraded riverbanks or watercourses on rich in bases soil

Gallery forests on rich in bases soil

TIDAL MARSHLAND

Floodable areas with all tides Floodable areas with spring tides

R-9 Non-floodable areas but influenced by seawater

POND

TIDAL MARSHLAND

Service

This small semicircular pond presents the highly specialised vegetation which is characteristic of marshland subject to the cycles of tidal flooding. They are the predominant landscape of the Bay of Cadiz.

SUNNY ROCK GARDEN

These nine islands of plants. with different rocky material, showcase the vegetation of areas exposed to the sun most of the day with outcrops of rocky material of the substratum due to the abscence of soil layer.

SHADY ROCK GARDEN

This area is located beside the wall of the botanic garden facing southeast. It showcases the vegetation of the areas where soil is not developed, which are permanently in the shade, and which, because of this reason, keep a high level of humidity.

COASTAL PINE WOODI AND

This area presents in a natural way the most typical forest formation of the environment where the San Fernando Botanic Garden is located.

CONSERVATION COLLECTION

It showcases high value species, because of their rarity or because of their level of conservation. They can be found in the Andalusian Atlantic coast (Cadiz, Huelva and the Algarve biogeographic sector).

GARDEN OF THE BAY

It protects the rest of the vegetation of the Botanic Garden from the salinity of westerly winds. It has examples of species which can be found in gardens located in the towns of the Bay of Cadiz.

ACCLIMATIZATION GARDEN

It showcases examples of plants introduced to the Iberian Peninsula coming from America and the Canary Islands. It provides shade to the shady rock garden.



Acanthus



Verbascum pseudocreticum



Acclimatation garden

Basic soil

(BIM) Matorral on dry rich in bases soil

B2B Forests on moderately dry basic soil

Reception of visitors and information

Drinkable water

GENERAL

wc Toilets

RS-5) Ophites

RS-6 Limestone

RU-1 Limestone

Shady rock gardens

(RS-7) Flysch of Campo de Gibraltar

Ravines, El Aliibe sandstone

ORNAMENTAL FLORA

CONSERVATION COLLECTION

■ ACCLIMATIZATION GARDEN GARDEN OF THE BAY

AND OF INTEREST

Recommended route